1999 DRAFTING REQUEST

Assembly Amendment (AA-ASA1-AB133)

Received: 06/24/99 Wanted: Soon For: Assembly Republican Caucus					Received By: gibsom Identical to LRB: By/Representing: Tompach												
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1999 DRAFTING REQUEST

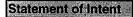
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Budget Amendments 1999-2000

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Legislator	Underheim			Amendment	# 126	
Staff contact	Kate			Status	Pass-amen	
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Summary	This amendment these conditions: inland lake in a co 145,000, with a co (s) have committed	On land that has ounty with a populounty seat on a d	been owned for ulation as of the ifferent inland	r at least 25 year 1990 census fi ake, on propert vironmental pur	ars by the same ov gures, between 13 yowned by peopl poses.	wner, on an 35,000 and e, if the owner
Fiscal Impact	There is no state	fiscal impact.		6	r consumation	n) (
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Budget Amendments 1999-2000



DNR. Permit a bulkhead consisting of rock behind which fill can be placed under conditions.

Legislator

Staff contact

Underheim

Agency

DNR

Kate

Amendment#

Status

Tax Cut

Summary

This amendment would permit a bulkhead consisting of rock behind which fill can be placed in these conditions: On land that has been owned for at least 25 years by the same owner, on an inland lake in a county with a population as of the 1990 census figures, between 135,000 and 145,000, with a county seat on a different inland lake, on property owned by people, if the owner (s) have committed at least 30 acres of land to environmental purposes.

Fiscal Impact

There is no state fiscal impact.

ARC Analyst

Matt Tompach

A See and walk sor

FROM : DNR ADMINISTRATION

608 266 6983

1999,05-24 15:37 #726 P.02/06

BEFORE THE STATE OF WISCONSIN Division Of Hearings And Appeals

Application of Harold J. Eichstadt to Place Riprap and Fill Material on the Bed of Lake Winneconne, Town of Winneconne, Winnebago County, Wisconsin

Case No. 3-LM-96-0088

FINDINGS OF FACT. CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND ORDER

Mr. Harold Eichstadt, 1820 Vinland Road, Oshkosh, Wisconsin, 54901, filed an application with the Department of Natural Resources on February 14, 1996, pursuant to sec. 30.12(3)(a), Wis. Stats., for a permit to place rock riprap along 300 feet of shoreline on Lake Winneconne. The proposed project is located in the NW 1/4, NW 1/4, Section 18, Township 19 North, Range 15 East, Town of Winneconne, Winnebago County, Wisconsin.

On May 9, 1996, the Department of Natural Resources issued Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law denying the issuance of the permit to Mr. Eichstadt.

On June 10, 1996, Mr. Eichstadt, by his attorney Daniel M. Muza, requested a contested case hearing pursuant to sec. 227.42, Wis. Stats. By letter dated June 26, 1996, the Department granted the request for contested case hearing. On January 10, 1997, the Department filed a Request for Hearing with the Division of Hearings and Appeals.

Pursuant to due notice hearing was held on April 22, 1997, at Oshkosh, Wisconsin Jeffrey D. Boldt, administrative law judge (the ALJ) presiding.

In accordance with secs. 227.47 and 227.53(1)(c), Stats., the PARTIES to this proceeding are certified as follows:

Mr. Harold Eichstadt, by

Daniel M. Muza, Attorney 217 Ceape Avenue Oshkosh, Wisconsin 54902

Department of Natural Resources, by

Michael Cain, Attorney P. O. Box 7921 Madison, Wisconsin 53707

1999,06-24

3-LM-96-0088 Page 2

FINDINGS OF FACT

- 1. Harold J. Eichstadt, 1820 Vinland Road, Oshkosh, Wisconsin, 54901, completed filing an application with the Department for a permit under sec. 30.12, Stats., to place rock riprap below the ordinary highwater mark (OHWM) on Lake Winneconne, Village of Winneconne, Winnebago County. The Department and the applicant have fulfilled all procedural requirements of secs. 30.12 and 30.02, Stats.
- 2. The applicant owns real property located in the NW 1/4 of NW 1/4 in Section 18, Township 19 North, Range 15 East, Winnebago County. The above-described property abuts Lake Winneconne which is navigable in fact at the project site.
- 3. The applicant proposes to place shore protection measuring 10 feet wide, 5 feet high and 300 feet long below the OHWM on Lake Winneconne. The existing bank slope is 4' (horizontal) to 1' (vertical). The proposed bank slope would be 2:1. The shore protective material would consist of sand and clay fill material and rock riprap. The riprap would consist of approximately 600 cubic yards of various sized stone. The applicant also seeks to fill in the area behind the sand ridge abutting the existing shoreline of Lake Winneconne. The bottom material in this area is very wet. The proposed fill would consist of clay and sand. (Exhibit 4) Approximately .6 of an acre would be filled.
- 4. The purpose is to fill in a low area, protect the existing shore from further erosion and make the applicant's parcel better suited for development. The applicant has owned the subject parcel for over 30 years. The property was in his family even prior to this time. During this period, he estimates he has lost some 20 feet to erosion. The applicant also believes he has lost 4 feet since he installed riprap in 1992. If the proposed fill is granted, the applicant would be able to develop a larger portion of his property because he would be able to develop lots beyond the 75 foot minimum setback from a pond he created at the site. It is his hope that city sewer will eventually become available in this area. If a sewer connection is available, he would be able to develop 4 lots, in addition to his own lot, on the subject parcel.
- 5. The applicant argues that the proposed fill area is not lakebed because it was farmed at one time, prior to installation of a dam that he argues artificially raised water levels. However, there is no serious dispute that the proposed fill area is below the currently existing OHWM. A Conditional Use Map prepared for Mr. Eichstadt in 1980 by his consulting engineering firm, Martenson and Eisele, Inc., identified the Ordinary Highwater Mark (OHWM) at elevation 748.50. (Exhibit 5) The proposed fill area was identified as "marsh" on this map. The applicant's expert confirmed these facts under cross-examination. Fassbender confirmed this approximate contour by a site inspection. Further, Fassbender noted that this elevation contour was a common OHWM elevation in this area along Lake Winneconne. If a permit were issued for the filling of the area behind the riprap as set forth on the application, the applicant would be filling in an area below the OHWM elevation, and thus would be filling the lakebed of Lake Winneconne.

15:38

3-LM-96-0088 Page 3

(Koch, Fassbender, Exhibit 6) Much of the proposed fill area consists of wetlands directly connected at the north end to Lake Winneconne. (Id.)

608 266 6983

The applicant previously sought to establish a bulkhead line and fill essentially the same area of lakebed by way of an application of the Town of Winneconne. The Town's application to establish a bulkhead line was denied by the Department, because the DNR found that it did not meet the requirements of sec. 30.11, Stats. (See: Findings of Fact, Exhibit 18) The Town did not appeal the Department's denial. Eichstadt was found not to have standing to appeal, because sec. 30.11, Stats., allows only "... (a)ny municipality"... to seek to establish a bulkhead line subject to Department approval.

In the absence of a lawfully established bulkhead line, or a lakebed grant authorized by the state legislature, the DNR does not have authority to authorize the filling of public waterways to benefit a private riparian. (Fassbender)

- his property from erosion by the lacement of riprap following the contour of the existing shoreline, with the toe of the riprap no more than three feet from the OHWM. (Exhibit 9) The DNR set certain conditions for granting this permit in September of 1992. specifically: that the applicant not fill in the wetland immediately south of the riprap and that placement meet the DNR minimum design standards for riprap projects. However, Fassbender testified that the riprap placement did not meet Department minimum design standards. In particular, the slope of the riprap was inadequate to protect the shoreline from erosion. Further, no filter fabric was used as required. It is likely that the applicant's failure contributed to the recent erosion at the site. The Department has indicated that it would grant the applicant another riprap permit, to be built to minimum design standards, if it did not involve the filling in of lakebed areas.
- 7. The applicant created an artificial pond on his property by way of a DNR permit granted May 17, 1989. A large amount of excavated material in the form of two large dirt piles remains above ground near the proposed project site. The applicant proposes using this material to accomplish the filling of the wetland area below the OHWM.

It should be noted that the applicant has not complied with the terms of the pond construction permit which required that "... all spoils shall be properly disposed of at a suitable upland site ... and that ... (a) Il disturbed areas shall be mulched and seeded to prevent erosion." (Exhibit 7) In 1992, the Department Area Water Management Specialist Tere Locke sent a letter to Eichstadt seeking removal of the excavated materials next to the pond in accordance with the permit. (Exhibit 7) So far, Eichstadt has failed to accomplish this requirement.

Instead, Eichstadt argues that he was unaware of pond setback requirements at the time the pond was constructed. The pond setback requirements make some of the

3-LM-96-0088 Page 4

applicant's property unbuildable, which drives in part his request to fill in the lakebed area below the OHWM. Wisconsin Administrative Code NR 115 was adopted in the late 1960's. Winnebago County adopted a shoreland zoning ordinance, including setback requirements in the early 1970's. (Koch) The pond setback requirement was therefore in place well before the applicant created the pond.

- 8. The applicant has not carried his burden of proving that the proposed project would be "not detrimental to the public interest in navigable waters." The proposed fill area consists of emergent wetland vegetation that filters nutrients and other pollutants from surface water runoff. Further, there is some small value of wildlife habitat in the proposed project area.
- 9. NR 103, Wis. Admin. Code, establishes water quality standards for wetlands to be applied in conjunction with Chapter 30, Stats., permit applications which affect wetland areas. (Fassbender) Fassbender testified that the proposed project does not meet the requirements of NR 103. The project is wetland dependent. The Department found that the project would result in significant adverse impacts to the functional values of the wetland area sought to be filled. In particular,, the proposal would result in destruction of the emergent wetland vegetation that is below the OHWM and landward of the proposed riprap placement. This wetland vegetation filters nutrients and provides wildlife habitat. Further, there are practicable alternatives to filling the wetland, such as construction of a pier or boardwalk to allow access to the open water of the lake. (Exhibit 19)
- the state if this project were approved. Fassbender noted that there are many wetland areas below the OHWM but behind sand ridges which interface with the open waters of both Lake Winneconne and nearby Lake Poygan. To allow filling of the public lakebed for private development would likely lead to similar requests to filling of these areas, resulting in a cumulative loss of important wetland areas and the functions they serve in protecting the public interest in navigable waters.
- 11. The Department of Natural Resource has complied with the procedural requirements of sec. 1.11, Stats., and Chapter NR 150, Wis. Admin. Code, regarding assessment of environmental impact.

NCLUSIONS OF LAW

1. The Division of Hearings and Appeals has authority under secs. 30.12 and 227.43(1)(b), Stats., and in accordance with the foregoing Findings of Fact, to issue or deny a permit for the construction and maintenance of structures and fills on navigable waterways.

3-LM-96-0088 Page 5

- The applicant is a riparian owner within the meaning of sec. 30.12, Stats. 2.
- The proposed fill and riprap described in the Findings of Fact constitute 3. structures within the meaning of sec. 30.12, Stats.
- The project is a type III action under sec. NR 150.03(8)(f)4, Wis. Admin. 4. Code. Type III actions do not require the preparation of a formal environmental impact assessment.
- The DNR must consider the cumulative impacts of approving individual 5. projects under Chapter 30, Stats., Hixon v. PSC, 22 Wis. 2d 608, 619, 146 N.W.2d 577 (1966). Accord: Sterlingworth Condo. v. DNR, 205 Wis. 2d 702, 706 N.W.2d (Wis. Ct. App. 1996).
- The State of Wisconsin holds in public trust the title to the beds of all 6. lakes up to the line of the OHWM. Such lands below the OHWM need not be navigable in fact to constitute lake bed held in trust for the public. State v. Trudeau, 139 Wis. 2d 92, 106, 408 N.W.2d 337 (1987).
- The public interest in navigable waters does not include offshore socio-7. economic impacts. WED v. Disc. 115 Wis. 2d 381, 410, 340 N.W.2d 722 (1983).

ORDER

WHEREFORE IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that the permit application be DENIED.

Dated at Madison, Wisconsin on May 30, 1997.

STATE OF WISCONSIN DIVISION OF HEARINGS AND APPEALS 5005 University Avenue, Suite 201 Madison, Wisconsin 53705 Telephone:

(608) 266-7709

FAX:

(608) 267-2744

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE



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State of Misconsin 1999 - 2000 LEGISLATURE

LRBb1211/3 / RNK......

D-Note

ARC:.....Tompach - Am. #126, Fill behind rock bulkhead

FOR 1999-01 BUDGET - NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION

CAUCUS AMENDMENT

TO ASSEMBLY SUBSTITUTE AMENDMENT 1, TO 1999 ASSEMBLY BILL 133

At the locations indicated, amend	l the substitute	amendment as	follows:
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- 1. Page 486, line 18: after that line insert:
- 3 "Section 785m. 30.058 of the statutes is created to read:
- 30.058 Exemption from permit requirements for deposits in navigable
 waters. Notwithstanding s. 30.12, a riparian owner need not obtain a permit or
 other approval from the department to place riprap or similar material as a bulkhead
 and to fill behind the bulkhead on the bed of a navigable lake if all of the following
 apply:
 - (1) The riparian owner has owned the land abutting the bed where the bulkhead and fill is to be placed for at least 25 years.

	riparian	•
1	(2) The owner has committed at lea	ast 30 acres of land to environmental or
2	conservation purposes.	
3	(3) The lake is on an inland lake tha	t is located in a county that has all of the
4	following:	
5	(a) A county seat on a different inla	nd lake.
6	(b) A population of at least 135,000 b	at not more than 145,000, as shown in the
7	1990 federal decennial census.".	
8	(END)	

DRAFTER'S NOTE FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU



- 1. It is possible that a Wisconsin court would find that this amendment is a "private or local law" which, under art. IV, sec. 18 of the Wisconsin Constitution, must be enacted as single—subject legislation. If so, this amendment cannot validly be enacted as part of the budget bill, which clearly encompasses more than one subject. Under Milwaukee Brewers Baseball Club v. Wisconsin Dept. of Health and Social Services, 130 Wis. 2d 79, 115 (1986), "a legislative provision which is specific to any person, place or thing is a private or local law within the meaning of art. 4, sec. 18, unless: 1) the general subject matter of the provision relates to a state responsibility of statewide dimension; and 2) its enactment will have direct and immediate effect on a specific statewide concern or interest". Even though this dreat uses various conditions to describe the land for which the permit exception applies rather than specifically identifying the land, this does not obviate a potential "private or local law" problem. As it is difficult to predict the potential for and outcome of any court action on this amendment, you may wish to consider introducing this proposal as a separate bill.
- 2. Because of the time constraints involved in preparing this draft, it has not been reviewed by other staff members who would ordinarily review this draft before it is submitted. Consequently, it is possible that this draft will require redrafting once that review is completed.

Robin N. Kite Legislative Attorney Phone: (608) 266–7291

E-mail: Robin.Kite@legis.state.wi.us

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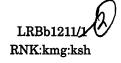
Phone: (608) 266-7291

E-mail: Robin.Kite@legis.state.wi.us

Based on & material that I received from DNR, after receiving permission to speak with DNR from your, office, I drafted a six limit for the fill. If no limit is specified, the riparian owner may fill a larger portion of the lake than was required mour the permit denied by DNR.



State of Misconsin 1999 - 2000 LEGISLATURE



ARC:.....Tompach - Am. #126, Fill behind rock bulkhead

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	(2) The

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The riparian owner has committed at least 30 acres of (land to 1 **(2)** $\mathbf{2}$ environmental or conservation purposes. 3 (4) (3) The lake is (3) an inland lake that is located in a county that (4) as all of the 4 5 the county is (b) A population of at least 135,000 but not more than 145,000, as shown in the 6 7 1990 federal decennial census.". 8 (END) (3) The area to be filled many does must exceed

DRAFTER'S NOTE FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

LRBb1211/2dn RNK:kmg:mrc

June 25, 1999

- 1. It is possible that a Wisconsin court would find that this amendment is a "private or local law" which, under art. IV, sec. 18, of the Wisconsin Constitution, must be enacted as single—subject legislation. If so, this amendment cannot validly be enacted as part of the budget bill, which clearly encompasses more than one subject. Under Milwaukee Brewers Baseball Club v. Wisconsin Dept. of Health and Social Services, 130 Wis. 2d 79, 115 (1986), "a legislative provision which is specific to any person, place or thing is a private or local law within the meaning of art. 4, sec. 18, unless: 1) the general subject matter of the provision relates to a state responsibility of statewide dimension; and 2) its enactment will have direct and immediate effect on a specific statewide concern or interest". Even though this amendment uses various conditions to describe the land for which the permit exception applies rather than specifically identifying the land, the lake or the county, this does not obviate a potential "private or local law" problem. As it is difficult to predict the potential for and outcome of any court action on this amendment, you may wish to consider introducing this proposal as a separate bill.
- 2. Based on material that we received from DNR, after receiving permission to speak with DNR from your office, I drafted a size limit for the fill. If no limit is specified, the riparian owner may fill a larger portion of the lake than was requested under the permit denied by DNR.

Robin N. Kite Legislative Attorney Phone: (608) 266–7291

E-mail: Robin.Kite@legis.state.wi.us



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State of Misconsin 1999 - 2000 LEGISLATURE

LRBb1211/2 RNK:kmg:mrc

ARC:.....Tompach – Am. #126, Fill behind rock bulkhead

FOR 1999-01 BUDGET — NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION

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7	and to fill the area landward from the bulkhead on the bed of a navigable lake if all
8	of the following apply:
9	(1) The riparian owner is an individual who has owned for at least 25 years the
0	land abutting the bed where the bulkhead and fill is to be placed.

(2) The riparian owner has committed at least 30 acres of his or her land to 1 2 environmental or conservation purposes. (3) The area to be filled does not exceed 7 acres. 3 (4) The lake is an inland lake that is located in a county that meets all of the 4 following conditions: 5 (a) The county seat abuts a different inland lake. 6 (b) The population of the county is at least 135,000 but not more than 145,000, 7 as shown in the 1990 federal decennial census.". 8 9 (END)